
Index

- Abkhazia separatist region, 57
- Adams, Gerry, 77, 135, 143, 178
- Adebajo, Adekeye, 60
- Afghanistan, conflict in, 35–56,
46–47, 54–55, 80
- Africa
 peace settlements in, 179
 proxy wars in, 67
 strategic value of after Cold War,
 60, 68
- African National Congress, 177
- Ahtisaari, Martti, 108
- Ajello, Aldo, 75
- allies, in postsettlement phase,
 167–168
- American Friends Service Commit-
 tee, 75
- Angola
 conflict in, 66, 76, 85, 94, 127–
 128
 Cuban involvement in, 36, 40,
 127, 174
 implementation of Bicesse
 Accords in, 66, 124–125,
 173–174
 settlement implementation,
 175–174, 179–180
 UN in, 127
- Annan, Kofi, 66
- Anstee, Margaret, 66, 125–125
- Arafat, Yasser, 179
- Argentina
 in Ecuador-Peru border conflict,
 145–146
 in Falkland Islands/Malvinas
 dispute, 129–150
- Aristide, Jean-Bertrand, 110, 180
- “armalite and the ballot box” prob-
 lem, 87–88
- Armenian diaspora, in Nagorno-
 Karabakh conflict, 180–181
- Arthur, Paul, 82, 87, 155, 145
- Arusha accords (1995), 61
- Australia
 in Bougainville conflict, 158,
 142
 East Timor peace enforcement
 operation, 170
- Azerbaijan, 57, 181
- bailing out, as mediation tactic,
 128–155
- Baker, James A. III, 35–54, 66,
 81–82, 85–84, 157, 141, 179
- Balkans, conflicts in, 88
 See also specific conflicts

- Baltic states, transition of power
in, 55
- Beira, bishop of, 78
- Belarus, denuclearization of, 55
- Bercovitch, Jacob, 88
- Beye, Alouine Blondin, 76
- Bicesse Accords (1991), 66, 124–125, 175–174
- "blood diamonds," 171–172
- Bolling, Landrum, 75–76
- Bosnia, conflict in, 54–55, 88, 115
Dayton accords, 74, 169–170
use of force in, 169–170
- Bougainville conflict, 158, 142
- Brazil, in Ecuador-Peru border
conflict, 145–146
- Burundi conflict, 76, 78, 84–85
- Bush administration (George H. W.), 54
- Bush administration (George W.),
"Road Map to Peace," 5,
157
- Cambodia, conflict in, 55, 36, 53,
144
- Camp David accords, 80
- captive conflicts, 48, 55–57
- Carter Center, 58
- Carter, Jimmy, 80, 110
- Catholic Church, in conflict medi-
ation, 68
- Caucasus conflicts, 36
- cease-fires, as part of mediation,
157–158
- Cedras, Raoul, 110
- Cenepa war, 145
- Centre for Humanitarian Dialogue,
94
- Chile, in Ecuador-Peru border
conflict, 145–146
- China
in Cambodia, 56
in Kashmir conflict, 150
as member of Perm Five in UN,
144
in Nepal conflict, 52
normalization of relations with
Vietnam, 55
U.S. and, 56
- Chinese People's Liberation Army
(PLA), 150
- civil society, during postsettlement
phase, 168, 185
- Civil Society Assembly
(Guatemala), 185
- Clinton administration
Middle East negotiations, 179
in Northern Ireland conflict, 77,
143, 181
- coercion
nonmilitary, 171–175
used by third parties, 14
- coercive inducement, 171
- coercive mediation, 108, 168–171
- Cohen, Herman J., 51
- Cohen, Raymond, 86–87
- Cold War
captive conflicts during, 56
orphan conflicts created at end
of, 55
- collaboration, among third parties,
71–72
- Colombia, conflict in, 99–100, 109
- command-and-control systems, in
intractable conflicts, 6
- Community of Sant'Egidio, in
Mozambique, 37, 66–67,
68–69, 78
- confidence-building measures,
159, 175

- conflict management, 25
 geopolitics and, 29–36
 by major powers, 56
 mediation and, 31–32
 See also mediation
- conflicts
 agenda for settlement, 155–156
 ceasing hostilities in, 157–158
 ending as goal of mediation, 25
 external context of, 107–109
 forgotten, 45–47
 captives, 48, 55–57
 dealing with, 65–71
 dependents, 48, 57–59
 moving through the stages, 61–62
 neglected conflicts, 48, 49–52
 orphans, 48, 52–55
 wards of the system, 48, 59
 61, 66
- intractable
 “armalite and the ballot box”
 problem, 87–88
 atmosphere of, 75
 definition, 7–9
 diasporas and resettled
 refugee communities in,
 87–88
 disarmament negotiations
 in, 87
 ending, 4–6
 “frozen,” 7–8, 36
 internal fragmentation or
 weakness in, 9
 involvement of third parties
 in, 57
 leadership in, 8
 length, 7
 linkages missing in, 9
 outside actors in, 9
 political extremists in, 8
 resolving formula in, 9
 spoilers in, 8–9, 121,
 141–146, 152, 177
 strategic engagement, 13–15
 strategic importance as cause
 for intervention, 11
 track-one vs. track-two ne-
 gotiations, 12, 23–24,
 183–184
 violence in, 7, 134–136,
 141–142, 142–145,
 157–158, 166
 weak command-and-control
 systems in, 6
 weapons of mass destruction
 in, 6
 loss-of-face problem, 86–87
 mutually acceptable settlement
 formula for, 104–105, 134
 mutually hurting stalemates in,
 103–104
 “mythology of the war” in, 77
 partial agreements, 156–157
 ripeness of, 103–104
 sequence of issues addressed,
 156–157
 strategic analysis of, 96–109
 “struggle talk” in, 85–86
 suitability for mediation, 26
 See also mediation; settlement
 implementation; third parties
- contact groups, in settlement nego-
 tiations, 115, 160
- Contadora Declaration (1995), 185
- Cuba, in Angola, 36, 40, 127, 174
- cultural barriers to mediation,
 85–88
- cultural beliefs, mediation and,
 82–83

- Cyprus, conflict in, 52–53, 59, 107,
114
introduction of outside incentives,
122–124
negotiating behavior in, 151–152
- Danforth, John, 77
- Dayton accords, 74, 169–170
- de Chastelain, John, 128, 175
- de Klerk, F. W., 177
- declaration of principles, in media-
tion, 162–164
- demobilization, in postsettlement
phase, 172–175
- Democratic Republic of Congo,
conflict in, 6, 107, 170, 174,
186
- Democratic Unionist Party
(Northern Ireland), 77
- dependent conflicts, 48, 57–59
- diasporas, involvement in intrac-
table conflicts, 59, 87–88,
180–181
- diplomatic capacity, for mediation,
113–114
- disarmament
as mediation topic, 87
in postsettlement phase, 172–175
- disengagement, as part of media-
tion, 157–158
- domestic issues
domestic actors as third parties,
40
effect of on engagement and
mediation, 38–40, 52, 80–81,
145
public opinion on readiness for
peace process, 105
in settlement phase, 152–153,
155–154, 180–181
- donors
role of in mediation, 109
in settlement phase, 179–180,
181–182
- East Timor
conflict in, 12, 186
peace enforcement in, 170
- ECOMOG, in Liberian conflict,
60–61
- economic barriers to mediation,
87–88
- Ecuador, internal politics in, 140
- Ecuador-Peru border conflict,
145–146, 160
- Egypt
in Middle East conflict, 157
in Sudan peace process, 105, 108
- Egyptian-Israeli Peace Treaty
(1979), 84
- El Salvador, UN in, 59
- endgame, in mediation, 149–150
checklist for, 150–154
settlement ingredients, 154–164
- Estonia, transition of power in, 35
- European Union, 123, 157
- exit strategies, in mediation, 121,
128–133, 141
- external actors. *See* third parties
- external observers and experts, in
settlement phase, 161–162
- external politics, effect of on medi-
ation, 41
- FAFO. *See* Institute for Applied
Social Sciences (FAFO)
- Falkland Islands/Malvinas War,
129–130
- force, use of in inducing peace,
169–171

- foreign interest groups, in settlement phase, 180
- France
as member of Perm Five in UN, 144
in Rwanda conflict, 51, 62
- Frelimo liberation movement, 67, 75
- "frozen" conflicts, 7–8, 36
- Gandhi, Rajiv, 50–51, 131–132
- Georgia, 57, 80
- globalization, of conflict, 5
- Good Friday Agreement (1998), 76, 128, 135, 174, 175
- Gorbachev, Mikhail, 35
- governance motives for mediation, 36–38
- Great Britain
in Falkland Islands/Malvinas dispute, 129–130
as member of Perm Five in UN, 144
in Nepal conflict, 52
in Sierra Leone conflict, 62, 170
in Sudan conflict, 108
- Greece, in Cyprus conflict, 32–33, 123
- "Green Line" (Cyprus), 123
- groups of friends, in settlement negotiations, 160, 179, 186
- guarantees, negotiation of, 159–162
- Guatemala
Norwegian Church Aid in, 128
peace process in, 183
UN in, 59
- Guelke, Adrian, 177
- Gulf War (1991), 93
- Haig, Alexander, 129
- Haiti crisis (1990s), 40, 110, 113, 180
- Hamas, 86
- hanging on, as mediation option, 121–125
- Hara, Fabienne, 84–85
- Hare, Paul, 127–128
- Holbrooke, Richard, 73–74
- Holkeri, Harri, 128
- human rights groups, in conflict resolution, 63
- humanitarian issues
in mediation, 159
as motives for mediation, 27–29, 63
- Hume, John, 135, 178
- hunkering down, as mediation option, 126–128
- IGAD. *See* Intergovernmental Authority on African Development (IGAD)
- Ikle, Fred, 158
- implementation councils, in settlement negotiations, 160–161
- incentives, in mediation, 122–124, 173
- India
in Kashmir conflict, 130–131
as mediator in Sri Lanka conflict, 50–51, 131–132
in Nepal, 52
nuclear testing by, 130–131
- indirect parties, in conflicts, 97–99
- indirect talks, in mediation, 138–139
- Indo-Sri Lanka peace accords, 50
- Indonesia-Ache conflict, 94
- Institute for Applied Social Sciences (FAFO), 70–71

- Institute for Democracy in South Africa, 176–177
- institutional base, in mediation, 78–80
- Inter-Tajik Dialogue, 128
- Intergovernmental Authority on African Development (IGAD), 105
- International Body (Northern Ireland conflict), 128, 157–158
- International Conference on the Former Yugoslavia, 76
- International Monetary Fund, 182
- international organizations
 involvement in conflict management, 60
 See also specific organizations
- IRA. *See* Irish Republican Army (IRA)
- Iraq war (2005), 6
- Irish Republican Army (IRA), 59, 87, 175, 181
- Israel
 creation of, 84
 in Middle East conflict, 29–32
 internal politics, 85–86, 145
 Madrid Peace Conference, 157
 relations with U.S., 152–155
- issues, in conflicts, 99–101, 156–157
- Istanbul summit (OSCE), 57
- joint committees, in settlement negotiations, 160–161, 179
- Jordan, in Middle East conflict, 137
- Kashmir conflict, 6, 98, 109
 U.S. in, 150–151
- Kazakhstan, denuclearization of, 55
- Kenya, in Sudan conflict, 108
- Khieu Samphan, 144
- Khmer Rouge, 144
- “know thyself” as axiom for mediation, 15–16
- Kosovo crisis, 108, 145
- Kosovo Liberation Army, 145
- leadership, effect of on intractable conflicts, 8
- legitimacy, as core issue in mediation, 84
- Lesch, Ann Mosely, 85
- leverage, in conflict resolution, 74, 94–95, 125
- Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam (LTTE), 49, 50, 51
- Liberia, conflict in, 56, 60
- Libya, in Sudan peace process, 105
- linkages, importance of in conflict resolution, 9
- Lochery, Neil, 159
- Lord’s Resistance Army (LRA), 58
- loss-of-face problem, 86–87
- LRA. *See* Lord’s Resistance Army (LRA)
- LTTE. *See* Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam (LTTE)
- Lusaka Protocol, 41, 76, 127, 174
- Madrid Peace Conference, 116, 137, 179
- mandate, for mediation, 112
- Mandela, Nelson, 76, 177
- McDougall, Barbara, 110
- mediation
 background issues, 22–27
 coercive, 108, 168–171
 confidence-building measures
 in, 159, 175
 conflict management and, 51–52

mediation (*cont.*)

derailment and recovery, 119–121

bailing out, 128–133

hanging on, 121–125

hunkering down, 126–128

domestic issues and views,

38–40, 52, 80–81, 105, 143,

153–154

donors' role in, 109

entry points for, 93–94

exit strategies, 121, 128–133

fatigue, 133

foreign policy and strategic

reasons for, 13–15, 27

humanitarian motives, 27–29

regional security/governance
motives, 36–38

strategic motives, 29–36

formulas for accord, 151

framework for negotiation or

declaration of principles,

162–164

guarantees in, 159–162

humanitarian issues in, 27–29,
63, 159

institutional base and political

context, 78–81

interim or partial agreements,

156–157

“know thyself” as axiom for,

15–16

learning to mediate, 185–188

leverage in, 74, 94–95, 125

mandate for, 112

negotiating tactics, 133–134

antics and procedural road-
blocks, 139–141, 151–152

exploiting optimal moments,

121, 134–136

factions, spoilers, and weak

parties, 8–9, 121, 141–146,

152, 177

new third parties and chang-

ing the subject, 121, 136–

138

secret channels, side channels,

and indirect talks, 138–139

on-the-ground environment,

81–82

multiple mediators, 88–90

political, cultural, and eco-

nomical barriers, 83–88

psychological barriers, 82–83

in settlement phase, 152–153

personal circumstances and

challenges, 75–78

as policy tool, 23–26

political gestures in, 159

political rationales, 26, 38–43

domestic opinion, 38–40

external politics and, 41–42

prestige and international

status, 41–42

readiness and capability, 109–

115

finding the right mediator,

114–115

operational and political

capacity, 111–113

strategic and diplomatic

capacity, 113–114

rolling out new strategy, 115–117

settlement issues, 149–150

mediator's checklist, 150–154

settlement ingredients,

154–164

stalled, 26–27

strategic analysis in, 96–109

symbolic rewards in, 143–144

- mediation (*cont.*)
 timing in, 154
 tradecraft of, 187–188
 as triangular political process, 25
See also conflict management;
 settlement implementation;
 third parties
- mediation fatigue, 155
- Middle East, conflict in, 5, 6,
 85–86, 95, 104
 asymmetrical domestic political
 structures, 145
 exit option unavailable in, 152
 155
 Madrid Peace Conference, 116,
 157, 179
 Norway as third party in, 70–71,
 81
 Oslo accords, 58, 70–71, 81, 85,
 104, 159, 179
 right of return of Palestinian
 refugees, 155
 "Road Map" for settlement, 5,
 157
 role of domestic politics in, 40
 U.S. involvement, 29–31, 59, 79,
 80, 81–82, 85–84, 116,
 152–155, 141, 179
- Milosevic, Slobodan, 108, 145
- "mini-max" loading principle,
 155–156
- Minsk Group (OSCE), 42
- Mitchell, George, 75, 76, 77–78,
 87, 128, 181
- Moldova, 57
- MONUC (Democratic Republic of
 Congo), 170
- Mozambique conflict, 57, 59,
 66–69, 75, 185
- MPLA (Angola), 127, 175
- multilateralization, of mediation,
 156–158
- multiparty mediation, 88–90
- mutually acceptable settlement
 formula, 104–105
- mutually hurting stalemates,
 105–104, 134
- "mythology of the war," construc-
 tion of, 77
- Nagorno-Karabakh conflict, 35,
 42, 57, 107, 114
- Namibia
 Angola conflict, 94, 179–180
 independence of, 126, 127
 South Africa in, 40, 126–127, 174
 UN in, 59, 174
 U.S. in, 101, 126–127
- naming and shaming exercises,
 171–172
- National Islamic Front (NIF), 85
- National Party (South Africa), 177
- national sovereignty
 as core issue in mediation, 84
 respect for as reason for nonin-
 volvement of third parties, 63
- NATO
 Cyprus conflict and, 52, 55
 in Kosovo crisis, 108, 145
- natural resources, management and
 allocation of revenues from,
 172
- neglected conflicts, 48, 49–52
- negotiation, framework for, 162–
 164
- Nepal, internal struggle as neglected
 conflict, 52
- Netanyahu, Benjamin, 85
- New Zealand, in Bougainville
 conflict, 158

- news media, as opinion shapers, 80–81
- NIF. *See* National Islamic Front (NIF)
- Nigeria, military rule in, 60
- nongovernmental organizations (NGOs)
- in conflict resolution, 10, 11, 12, 22, 57–58
 - consultation and coordination issues, 108–109
 - freedom of movement of, 74
 - hanging on and hunkering down as mediation options, 128
 - as part of multiparty negotiations, 89
 - in postsettlement phase, 168
 - private or secret negotiations by, 116
 - in Sri Lanka conflict, 51
 - See also specific organizations*
- North Korea, 56, 56
- Northern Ireland, conflict in, 5, 82, 85, 87, 101, 107
- decommissioning, 174–175
 - effect of violence on, 155–156
 - Good Friday Agreement, 76, 128, 155, 174, 175
 - hanging on as mediation tactic in, 128
 - International Body in, 128, 157–158
 - soft power used in, 176–177, 177–178
 - U.S. in, 75, 76, 77–78, 101, 155, 143
- Norway
- in Middle East peace process, 70–71, 81
 - in Sri Lanka conflict, 51, 94, 115, 157, 162
 - in Sudan conflict, 108, 115
 - as third-party mediator, 57–58
- Norwegian Church Aid, 128
- Nunn, Sam, 110
- OAS. *See* Organization of American States (OAS)
- OAU. *See* Organization of African Unity (OAU)
- on-the-ground environment, 81–85, 152–153
- Operation Desert Storm, 82
- operational capacity, for mediation, 111–115
- Organization of African Unity (OAU), 60
- Organization of American States (OAS), 110, 113
- Organization of Islamic States, 59
- orphan conflicts, 48, 52–55
- OSCE (Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe), 162
- Istanbul summit, 57
 - Minsk Group, 42
 - role of in European conflicts, 59
- Oslo accords, 58, 70–71, 81, 85, 104, 159, 179
- design flaw in, 156–157
- Ould-Abdallah, Ahmedou, 76, 78
- outside actors, 9
- See also* third parties
- Owen, David, 54, 76
- Paisley, Ian, 77
- Pakistan
- in Kashmir conflict, 130–131
 - nuclear testing by, 130–131

- Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO), 137, 179
 Palestinian Authority, 157
 Papua New Guinea, in Bougainville conflict, 138, 142
 parties, to a conflict, 97–99
 Pérez de Cuéllar, Javier, 123
 persuasion, used by third parties, 14
 Peru, in Ecuador-Peru border conflict, 146
 Philippines, conflict in, 59
 PLA. *See* Chinese People's Liberation Army (PLA)
 PLO. *See* Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO)
 Pol Pot, 144
 political barriers to mediation, 85–88
 political capacity, for mediation, 111–113
 political context, of mediation, 80–81
 political extremists, in intractable conflicts, 8
 “porcupine mode,” in mediation, 126–128, 142
 Portugal
 in Angola, 125
 withdrawal from African colonies, 67
 Powell, Colin, 110
 prenegotiation, in mediation, 138–139
 primary parties, in conflicts, 97–99
 procedural gamesmanship, in mediation, 139–141
 proxy wars, 56, 67
 psychological barriers, in mediation, 82–85
 Quandt, William, 80
 Rabin, Yitzhak, 85, 157, 185
 reaching down, in settlement phase, 182–184
 reaching out, in settlement phase, 178–182
 reconstruction, postconflict, 170
 refugee communities, effect of on conflicts, 87–88
 regional organizations, in conflict management, 60–61
 regional security motives for mediation, 56–58
 relationships, importance of in conflict mediation, 69
 religious beliefs, mediation and, 82–85
 Renamo, 67, 68, 75
 Rhodesia, liberation movement in, 67
 Rio de Janeiro Protocol (1942), 145–146, 160
 ripeness, of conflicts, 105–104, 186
 Road Map to Peace (Middle East conflict), 5, 157
 roundtables, in settlement negotiations, 160–161
 Rubin, Barnett, 54, 55
 Russia
 in Angola, 125
 in Caucasus conflicts, 56, 56–57
 as member of Perm Five in U.N., 144
 in Middle East peace process, 157
 in Nagorno-Karabakh conflict, 55, 42
 See also Soviet Union
 Rwanda, interethnic conflict in, 61–62, 81

- Sadat, Anwar, 183
- sanctions, in postsettlement phase, 171–172
- Saudi Arabia, in Middle East conflict, 137
- Savimbi, Jonas, 127, 174
- Schaffer, Howard, 130, 131
- Schaffer, Teresita, 130, 131
- SDLP. *See* Social Democratic and Labor Party (SDLP)
- secret channels, in mediation, 138–139
- secret diplomacy, 128–129
- September 11, effect of on intractable conflicts, 5, 52, 136
- settlement implementation, 165
 - force used during, 169–171
 - nonmilitary coercion, 171–175
 - reaching down, 182–184
 - reaching out, 178–182
 - soft power, 176–178
 - third-party engagement, 166–168
- Sharon, Ariel, 86
- side channels, in mediation, 138–139
- Sierra Leone, conflict in, 56, 62, 170
- Sinn Féin, 77, 87, 155
- Social Democratic and Labor Party (SDLP), 135
- soft power
 - key allies as source of support, 167–168
 - role of in postsettlement phase, 176–178
- Solomon, Richard, 86, 144
- Somalia conflict
 - UN in, 131
 - U.S. in, 52, 81, 131
- South Africa
 - anti-apartheid struggle in, 67, 68, 177, 185
 - withdrawal from Namibia, 40, 126–127
- South Korea, 56, 56
- South Ossetia separatist region, 57
- South West Africa People's Organization (SWAPO), 126, 174
- Soviet Union
 - in Afghanistan, 55–56, 54–55
 - in Angola, 125
 - collapse of, 55, 56–57
 - as cosponsor of Madrid Peace Conference, 137
 - in Mozambique, 67
 - in Namibia-Angola conflict, 180
 - See also* Russia
- SPLA. *See* Sudan People's Liberation Army (SPLA)
- SPLM. *See* Sudanese People's Liberation Movement (SPLM)
- spoilers, management of, 8–9, 141–142, 152, 172, 177
- Sri Lanka, conflict in, 5, 80, 93, 113, 186
 - cease-fire, 157
 - Indian exit from, 131–132
 - as neglected conflict, 49–51
 - Norwegian mediation of, 51, 94, 113, 157, 162
 - soft power in, 177
- strategic analysis, 96–97
 - external context, 107–109
 - history and status of negotiations, 106–107
 - issues, 99–101
 - parties, 97–99
 - power balances, 101–102
 - turning points and timing, 102–106
- strategic capacity, for mediation, 113–114

- strategic engagement, 13-15
- strategic motives for mediation, 29-36
- "struggle talk," in conflict resolution, 85-86
- Sudan conflict, 5, 28-29, 58-59, 58, 77, 83, 95, 101, 105, 107-108, 113
- U.S. in, 136
- Sudan People's Liberation Army (SPLA), 29, 58, 108
- Sudanese People's Liberation Movement (SPLM), 83, 108
- SWAPO. *See* South West Africa People's Organization (SWAPO)
- Sweden, in Baltic states transition, 55
- symbolic rewards, in mediation, 143-144
- Syria, in Middle East conflict, 137
- "taboo of direct talks," 84
- Tajikistan, in Uzbekistan internal conflict, 58
- Taliban, 55
- Tamil Tigers, 49, 50, 51, 152
- Taylor, Charles, 62
- Tenet, George, 79
- Thatcher, Margaret, 150
- third parties, 8, 9, 21-22, 79-80, 186
- adding during mediation, 156-158
- approaches
- coercion, 14
 - engagement only when necessary, 11
 - intervention wherever fighting occurs, 11-12
 - leave it to others, 12-13
 - "let it burn," 10-11
 - persuasion, 14
 - collaboration among, 71-72
 - conflict management instead of mediation by, 56
 - educational function of in settlement phase, 161-162
 - failure to get involved or disengagement, 45-47, 52-54, 62-65
 - in "hunkering down" option, 122-124
 - institutional parties, 47
 - opening moves in mediation, 115-116
 - political reasons for mediation by, 26
 - regional and governance reasons for mediation by, 36-58
 - role of in forgotten intractable conflicts, 69-71
 - selection of for mediation, 114-115
 - in settlement phase, 166-168
- See also* mediation; nongovernmental organizations (NGOs); United Nations
- timing, in conflict resolution, 102-106, 154
- track-one actors, 25-24
- track-two negotiations, 12, 183-184
- tradecraft, of mediation, 187-188
- Transnistria separatist region, 57
- treaty powers, 160
- Troika (Angola), 125
- Turkey, in Cyprus conflict, 32-33, 125
- turning points, in conflicts, 102-106
- Uganda, civil war in, 58
- Ukraine, denuclearization of, 35
- UNAMSIL (Sierra Leone), 170

- UNAVEM (Angola), 174
- UNITA (Angola), 124–125, 127, 173
- United Nations
- Bicesse Accords implementation, 66, 124–125, 173–174
 - in Cambodia conflict, 144, 179
 - conflict intervention by, 11–12, 22, 53, 74
 - in Cyprus conflict, 32, 33, 123, 151
 - in East Timor, 170
 - in Guatemala settlement, 183
 - in Middle East peace process, 157
 - in Namibia-Angola conflict, 180
 - naming and shaming exercises in, 171–172
 - as observer at Madrid Peace Conference, 137
 - Resolution 520 (Falkland Islands/Malvinas), 129
 - in Rwanda, 61
 - in wards-of-the-system conflicts, 59–60
 - in Western Sahara conflict, 33–34
- United States
- in Afghanistan, 35–36, 54–55
 - in Angola, 125
 - in Bosnian conflict, 34–35
 - in Cambodian conflict, 39, 144
 - China and, 36
 - in Cyprus, 59, 151
 - diaspora populations in, 59
 - in Ecuador-Peru border conflict, 145–146
 - in Falkland Islands/Malvinas dispute, 129–130
 - Israel relations, 132–133
 - in Kashmir conflict, 109
 - in Korean peninsula, 36
 - as member of Perm Five in UN, 144
 - in Middle East conflict, 29–31, 59, 79, 80, 81–82, 83–84, 116, 157
 - in Mozambique conflict, 67, 68–69
 - in Namibia, 101, 126–127, 179–180
 - in Nepal, 52
 - in Northern Ireland conflict, 75, 76, 77–78, 101, 135, 143
 - in Rwanda conflict, 51, 61–62
 - in Somalia, 52
 - in Sudan conflict, 38–39, 77, 101, 107–108
 - as third-party mediator, 37
- UNTAG (Namibia), 174
- Uzbekistan, conflict in, 58
- van der Stoep, Max, 162
- Vance, Cyrus, 34, 76
- Vietnam, 35, 36
- violence
- in intractable conflicts, 7, 134–136, 141–142, 142–143, 157–158, 166
 - political economy of, 171–172
- wards of the system, conflicts as, 48, 59–61, 66
- weak parties, in mediation, 142–143
- weapons of mass destruction, in intractable conflicts, 6
- Western Sahara conflict, 33–34, 66, 114
- World Bank, 182
- Yassin, Sheik Ahmed, 86
- Zimbabwe, 67

